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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/814,803	04/01/2004	Kazuo Tada	01-627	5304
23400 POSZ LAW G	7590 03/16/2007 ROUP, PLC	EXAMINER		
12040 SOUTH LAKES DRIVE SUITE 101 RESTON, VA 20191			NORRIS, JEREMY C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO	NTHS	03/16/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/814,803	TADA ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Jeremy C. Norris	2841		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)⊠ —	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 No.  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise 1.	action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ . 8)□ Applicati 9)□ 10)⊠	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) 14-21 is/are withdraw Claim(s) 8-13 is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1 and 4-6 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) 2,3 and 7 is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o  on Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 01 April 2004 is/are: a)  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	vn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  ⊠ accepted or b) □ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
		diffiner. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-132.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 10/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 2002/0189859 A1 (Shiraishi)

Shiraishi discloses, referring primarily to figure 2, a multi-layer printed circuit board comprising: a resin substrate including a plurality of laminated thermoplastic resin films (23, [0038]); a thin film resistor (33) embedded in the resin substrate; and an electrode (51) disposed on the thin film resistor, wherein the thermoplastic resin film includes a conductive pattern (pattern 22 directly above and to the left of resistor 33 as seen in figures 1F-H) made of metallic film ([0038]) and wherein the conductive pattern is disposed over or under the electrode, the conductive pattern is disposed nearer to the electrode than any other conductive pattern over or under the electrode, and the conductive pattern covers all of a periphery of the electrode (figure 2) [claim 1], wherein the resin substrate includes a plurality of thermoplastic resin films (23) laminated and bonded together [claim 6].

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shirashi in view of US 2002/0195420 A1 (Obert).

Shirashi discloses the claimed invention as described above except Shirashi does not specifically state that the thin film resistor has a thickness equal to or thinner than 10  $\mu$ m [claim 4] nor that the thin film resistor has the thickness equal to or thinner than 1  $\mu$ m [claim 5]. However, it is well known in the art to form thin film resistors with a thickness less that 1  $\mu$ m as evidenced by Obert ([0044]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to form the thickness of the thin film resistor in the invention of Shiraishi to be less than 1  $\mu$ m as is known in the art and evidenced by Obert. The motivation for doing so would have been to provide the desired amount of resistance.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 8-13 are allowed.

Claims 2, 3, and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Claim 2 states the limitation "wherein all of a periphery of the thin film resistor is covered with the conductive pattern disposed over or under the resistor". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed features, was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by, the prior art. Claim 3 states the limitation "wherein the thin film resistor is covered with the conductive pattern disposed on a side opposite to the electrode across the thin film resistor". This limitation, in conjunction with the other

claimed features, was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by, the prior art.

Claim 7 states the limitation "wherein the conductive pattern prevents a fluidized thermoplastic resin from moving toward the thin film resistor when a thermoplastic resin composing the thermoplastic resin film is fluidized". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed features, was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by, the prior art. Claim 8 states the limitation "wherein all of a periphery of the thin film resistor is covered with the conductive pattern". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed features, was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by, the prior art.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 13 November 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Specifically, Applicant argues, "Shirashi fails to teach or suggests (sic), for example, 'an electrode disposed on the thin film resistor.'...To the contrary, in Shirashi, the thin film resistor (33) is disposed between two electrodes (32)". However, the Examiner notes that Applicant is referring to the embodiment disclosed with respect to figures 1A-H, whereas the instant rejection refers to the embodiment of figure 2, in which the electrode (51) is indeed formed on the thin film resistor. Additionally, Applicant alleges that in Shirashi "the nearest conductive pattern (22) disposed over or under the electrode (32) covers only one end of the electrode (32". However, once again, Applicant is referring to the embodiment of figures 1A-H, whereas the instant rejection is drawn from the disclosure of figure 2, where indeed the

conductive pattern (22) covers the entire periphery of the electrode (51). Thus,

Applicant's traversal of the instant rejections on these grounds is deemed unsuccessful.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeremy C. Norris whose telephone number is 571-272-1932. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 9:30 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 571-272-1984. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/814,803

Art Unit: 2841

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jeremy C. Norris

Patent Examiner - Technology

Page 7

Center 2800 Art Unit 2841

**JCSN**